



Faculty of Earth Sciences







REFLECTION SEISMOLOGY

Course Name	Course ID	Prerequisites
REFLECTION SEISMOLOGY	EGP 421	EGP 312 / EGP 411 / EGP 412

Course Description

Various seismic sources and receivers, description of wave trains, field data acquisition techniques, seismic data treatment, resolution and diffraction, migration, correlation and interpretation

Course Objectives

- 1. Information on basics of seismic waves and their propagation.
- 2. Presenting seismic equipments used in common seismic surveys.
- 3. Identification of direct and head waves on seismic reflection records.
- 4. Examining seismic reflection data to differentiate between horizontal and dipping reflectors. Calculation of dip angle.
- 5. Basic seismic processing schemes (NMO, Static, Migration). Differentiate between processed and unprocessed seismic data.
- 6. Presenting various case histories on interpreted seismic data.

General References for the Course: (Books/Journals...*etc*.)

Students in this course can read from:

- 1. Applied Geophysics, by Telford, W.M., Geldart, L.P., Sheriff, R.E., 1990, 2002. Cambridge University Press.
- 2. Exploration Geophysics of the Shallow Subsurface, by Burger, H.R., 1992. Prentice-Hall PTR, Englewood Cliffs, NJ.
- 3. Seismic Data processing, by Yilmaz, O., 1987. SEG-Publication Series, Tulsa, OK, USA.

- 4. Seismic Interpretation Series (Volumes 1, 2 & 3), SEG Series, 1990. SEG-publications, Tulsa, OK, USA.
- 5. The Reflection Process. Seismic Series (Educational Manual), by Ansty, 1990. SEG-publications, Tulsa, OK, USA.

List of URLs for this Course

- www.geology.wisc.edu/
- www.geo.utep.edu/
- http://utam.geophys.utah.edu/stanford/

Course Outcome

The student is able to know the seismic waves and their modes of propagation separation of waves for study. He is also suppose to lean the following:

- 1. Student can know the equipments used for deep seismic surveys.
- 2. Student knows the principles of data analysis.
- 3. Student can know the seismic data processing.
- 4. Student can Interpret the seismic reflection data.
- 5. Student can relate between seismic model and geologic models.